# — Arts and Science —

# **Transformation of the Modern City**

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### April 16, 2008

# **Unification and Transformation of the City**

Reflections on modern standardization: Disparities between capital cities and regional areas Homogenization of technology and planning Standardization of expression Central towers and corner-lot towers; building styles; official and private expression; appearance of Marunouchi Building Yasuda Hall and Okuma Hall Diet building and Wako building Diet building design; mausoleums; Loos in the same period; Grant's Tomb Hirobumi Ito, Kentaro Kaneko Seitoku Memorial Museum at Meiji Shrine; Fushimi-Momoyama Imperial Mausoleum; Emperor Komei Mausoleum; Masatsugu Kobayashi, Tori Yoshitake

Ehime prefectural office building (Shichiro Kigo)

#### **Theories of Architectural Preservation and Preservation Movement**

End of 1960s: Imperial Hotel — Partial preservation and relocation for preservation Beginning of 1970s: Bank of Tokyo headquarters — Demolishment, plan to preserve façade, distribution of leaflets

1980s: Concert Hall of former Tokyo Conservatory of Music — Relocation for preservation, Books and documents

1980s: Banker's Club — Partial replica

1988: St. Luke's International Hospital — Partial preservation, re-building, report
1989: Mitsui Main Building — Renewal, overseas surveys, books and documents
1990s: Seimon Gate of Tokyo University, Hongo campus — Restoration,

Middle of 1990s: Tokyo Station - Reconstruction, practical usage

1995: Defense Agency, Ichigaya headquarters — Demolishment, (new building designed by Nikken Sekkei)

1996: National Museum of Western Art — Preservation, reinforcement against earthquakes (vibration-absorbing structure)

From 1996: Former Shimbashi Station — Planned reconstruction

From 1996: Official residence of the prime minister — Preservation, reinforcement against earthquakes (vibration-absorbing structure), rebuilding

1996: Marunouchi Building — Demolishment

From 1999: Industry Club of Japan Building — Partial preservation, vibration absorption

From 2000: Kojunsha Building — Demolishment, partial recreation

From 2001: Tokyo Station bookstore

From 2001: Former Foreign Service Training Institute of Ministry of Foreign Affairs

From 2001: Former barracks of 3<sup>rd</sup> Infantry Regiment (former Institute of Industrial Science, University of Tokyo) — Partial preservation